



Testr11+ Measuring Cell

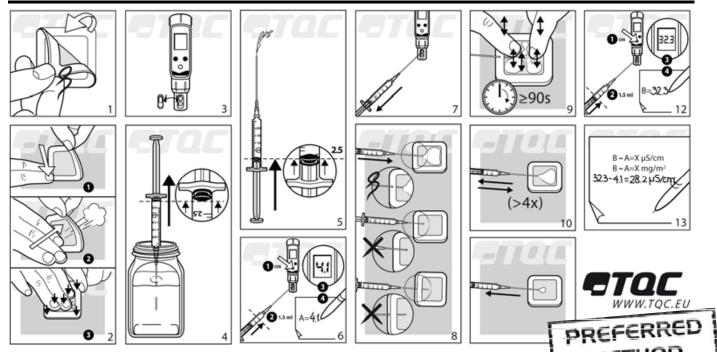
TQC BRESLE CHLORIDE TEST SP7310

MANUAL

See also

: ISO8502-6 ISO8502-9

1 DETERMINATION OF SOLUBLE CONTAMINANTS ON SURFACES; DIRECT SAMPLE PROCEDURE



1.1 PREPARATIONS

The high accuracy method is a special slightly adjusted method, based on the ISO method, but with full use of the capacities of the new conductivity meter. This increases the accuracy significantly. Just like with the old method, it's very important to keep all the material used for this test as clean as possible. NEVER touch the measuring cell, or the needle with bare hands.

• Remove the white plastic cap from the measuring cell.

This method is the safest way to perform the Bresle test. All parts that may affect the measurements are included in determining the Zero-reference.

1.1 OPERATION

A. Select the section on the steel surface to be used as the test area for assessment of the total surface density of salts. It should preferably be dry and with no loosely adherent rust, dirt or moisture (dampness), so that the patch frame can properly adhere to the surface. The Bresle patch can be placed in almost every position, vertical, horizontal, slanting or on surfaces that are not completely flat.

It is recommended to test more than one spot to catch the variations of the contamination level!

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- B. Remove the square protective backing of the Bresle patch with its inner protective paper and dispose. Place the Bresle patch with the adhesive side to the test surface and press firmly in order to create a tight seal. When placing the patch take care to trap as less air as possible in the patch.
- C. Use the syringe to draw 2,5 ml out of the large deionised water bottle. Take care that there are no air bubbles in the syringe.
- D. Inject 1,5 ml of the deionised water in the measuring cell and note the blank value. (Write the value down as blank value)
- E. Draw the 1,5ml from the measuring cell back into the syringe to have again 2,5ml of water in the syringe.
- F. Insert the 2,5 ml of deionised water into the Bresle patch by injecting it through the latex membrane and the foam at an angle of 30° from the surface.
 (Inserting through the transparent part of the Patch or from the bottom side could cause leakage!)
- G. Dissolve the salts by tapping the latex membrane for several minutes. In-between suck water from the patch and reinject into the patch several times. This operation should go on for about 3 to 5 minutes with 2-4 pumping strokes per minute.
- H. When finished, suck up the entire volume of water into the syringe, remove the syringe from the TQC Bresle Patch. Inject 1,5ml of this water into the measuring cell of the conductivity gauge.
- I. Measure the conductivity of the solution in the measuring cell and note down the value. This is the "Measured Value".
- J. Calculate the difference between the measured value (measured at "I") and the blank value which has been determined earlier (μS Measured Value - μS blank value).

The total surface density of soluble salts/contaminants (S) in mg/m² soluble salts measured as Sodium Chloride is

S mg/m² soluble salts measured as Sodium Chloride = $1 \times (Measured Value - blank value)$

(all salts are considered as NaCl or Sodium Chloride) "Sample Value" and "**Zero Reference**" are in microSiemens (μS) per centimeter. **If an interpretation of just the Chlorides or Cl- is required the multiplier will be 0.6 instead of 1** !

K. Dispose all the contaminated water in the supplied bottle and clean all critical parts by rinsing with clean distilled water.

CLEAN COMPONENTS ARE OF MOST IMPORTANCE FOR A RELIABLE TESTRESULT!

L. Make sure the Bresle Patch is removed from the surface after the test has been performed.

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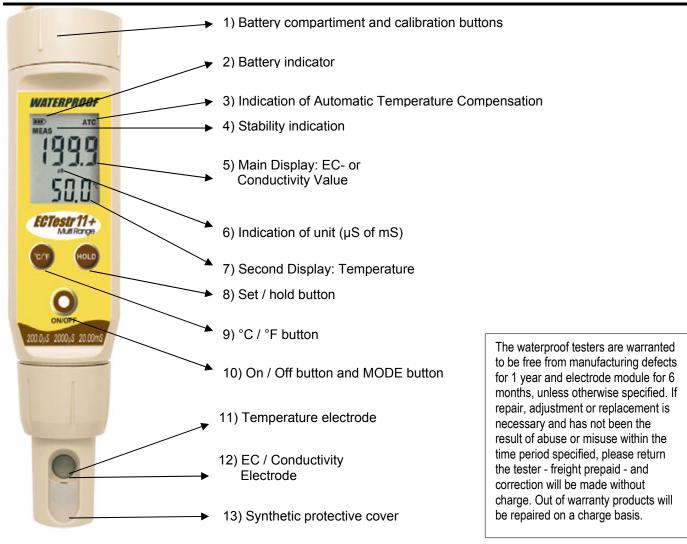


2 DETERMINATION OF THE WATER SOLUBLE SALTS IN MINERAL ABRASIVES

- Collect a number of samples , minimum 5, of the abrasive at random at different places.
- Mix them well and take 50 g from this mix into the 50 ml. Beaker.
- Pour 100 ml. distilled water into the large 250 ml. beaker which has been cleaned before with distilled water.
- Take a reading of this water with the conductivity gauge and note the value. This is the "Zero Reference"
- Add the 50 g of abrasives to the 100 ml. distilled water in the large beaker.
- Shake the mixture well for about 5 minutes and leave it for one hour.
- Shake again for 5 minutes.
- Decant some of the water into a clean beaker and measure the conductivity.

Contact the paint-manufacturer, abrasive supplier or project-manager for the maximum acceptable conductivity level

3 THE CONDUCTIVITY METER



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3.1 How to use

- Remove the grey protective cover (13) and turn on the meter (10)
- Calibrate the instrument (See Calibrations for more info)
- The instrument is now ready to use: Submerge the probe (11 / 12) in the solution to be tested, or poor the fluid to be tested into the measuring cell.

The instrument is waterproof, but it's not meant to be left in the solution for a longer period than necessary.

- The left upper corner of the display (5) shows a timer (just under the battery indicator (2) Keep on stirring slowly until the 'timer' disappears.
- The shown value is the correct conductivity value. Push the hold button (8) once to freeze the display.

To save batteries the instrument turns off automatically after about 8 minutes

3.2 CALIBRATE AND TEST

- Before calibration place the meter with the probe for about half an hour in rinsing solution SP7321 and rinse with demiwater
- Make sure the meter is in measuring mode. Remove the battery cover (1)
- Place the gauge into the calibration standard solution
- Push one of the two white buttons (1)
- Poor the supplied calibration liquid in the instrument. The instruments automatically recognizes the calibration standard
- Wait until the measurement is stabilized and the instruments indicates the measured value. Press Hold to confirm the calibration. The instruments now returns to the measuring mode automatically

3.3 MAINTENANCE

- Maintenance of the ECTestr11+ is minimal, because it's quite easy to perform a measurement. Nevertheless the technology inside the instrument is very advanced.
- Depending on the frequency of use, a thin film may occur on the probe. Use a damp cloth to remove this.
- After each use the instrument should be rinsed with tap water and demineralized liquid. Make sure the probe stays clean.
- As long as the instrument is being maintained as described above, calibration is necessary each six months.
- A blinking battery indicator (2) indicates the batteries need to be replaced. Open the battery compartment cover. Note polarity facing up and remove the old batteries by pulling plastic ribbon. Replace with fresh ones with the same polarity. facing up as the old ones.





3.4 WHEN SOMETHING GOES WRONG

When the instruments doesn't perform the way you expected, usually you can solve it yourself easily. Therefore read this part thoroughly before claiming warranty.

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
The value measured is unstable	Pollution?	Clean the measuring cell with a damp soft cloth*
Display fails	Insufficient battery	Replace batteries
	power	
Calibration fails	Dirty measuring cell or	Always use a 'fresh ' calibration standard.
	old / polluted calibration	Once opened the calibration standard will
	standard.	not keep.
Display shows UR instead of	The electrode or	Turn the measuring cell loose and tight. If
temperature	connection is damaged.	URL is displayed, please contact your
		distributor.



Carefully replace the synthetic protection cover and clean the measuring cell with a soft cloth. Rinse the measuring cell thoroughly with demiwater afterwards.

4 DISCLAIMER

The information given in this manual is not intended to be exhaustive and any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in this manual without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. Whilst we endeavour to ensure that all advice we give about the product (whether in this manual or otherwise) is correct we have no control over either the quality or condition of the product or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing to do so, we do not accept any liability whatsoever or howsoever arising for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage (other than death or personal injury resulting from our negligence) arising out of the use of the product. The information contained in this manual is liable to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous product development.

V2.01 062014





SINGLE-POINT CALIBRATION HI0017 CONDUCTIVITY METER 1-PUNT KALIBRATIE HI0017 GELEIDBAARHEIDSMETER 1-PUNKT-KALIBRIERUNG HI0017 LEITFÄHIGKEITSMESSGERÄT

On first use, the manufacturer recommends to pre-soak the sensor with a cleansing solution. After some minutes rinse with distilled water.

Bij het eerste gebruik adviseert de fabrikant om de sensor vooraf zeker enige minuten in te laten weken met een cleansing solution. Naspoelen met demi water.

Empfehlung des Herstellers: Vor der ersten Anwendung sollte der Sensor in einer Reinigungslösung eingeweicht und nach ein paar Minuten mit destilliertem Wasser ausgespült werden.

1)	Unscrew battery cap. Batterij kap losdraaien. Schrauben Sie den Batteriefachdeckel ab.	6)	Rinse sensor with distilled water, and empty. Sensor met demi water schoonspoelen, en legen. Spülen Sie den Sensor mit destilliertem Wasser aus.
	<i>Turn the meter on.</i> Zet de meter aan. <i>Schalten Sie das Gerät ein.</i>	7)	Sensor opening vullen met 84 μS vloeistof. Befüllen Sie den Sensor mit 85mS Flüssigkeit. Fill sensor opening with 84 mS fluid.
3)	Press `INC` (left) in the battery compartment. In het batterij vak 'INC' (links) indrukken. Drücken Sie 'INC' (Links) im Inneren des Batteriefaches.	8)	Wait until the measurement is stable. Laat meting stabiel worden. Warten Sie bis sich der Messwert stabilisiert.
4)	<i>The display shows 'CAL 1Pnt'.</i> Het display toont 'CAL 1Pnt'. <i>Im Display erscheint</i> <i>'CAL 1Pnt'.</i>	9)	<i>Press 'ENT' on the meter.</i> Op de meter op 'ENT' drukken. <i>Drücken Sie die Taste "ENT".</i>
5)	<i>Place the meter horizontally.</i> Meter horizontaal plaatsen. <i>Legen Sie das Gerät hin.</i>	10)	Display shows 'CO'; calibration is ready. Display geeft 'CO' aan; kalibratie is voltooid. Im Display erscheint 'CO', die Kalibrierung ist abgeschlossen.

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